



SMART GARBAGE MONITORING AND CLEARANCE ALERT SYSTEM USING INTERNET OF THINGS

¹Mrs. D.Suganthi, ²A.P Mugesh Kumar, ³S Sakthivel, ⁴M.S Raghul, ⁵S Santhosh Kumar

¹Assistant Professor, Department of Computer Science and Engineering,
Hindusthan Institute of Technology, Coimbatore

^{2,3,4,5} UG student, Department of Computer Science and Engineering,
Hindusthan Institute of Technology, Coimbatore

Abstract The rapid urbanization and growing population have led to increased waste generation, necessitating efficient and intelligent waste management systems. This project presents a Smart Garbage Monitoring and Clearance Alert System utilizing the Internet of Things (IoT) to address this challenge. The system employs a load sensor to measure the weight of waste in the dustbin, and an ultrasonic sensor to monitor the garbage level. When the bin is nearly full, a servo motor is triggered to close the lid, preventing overflow and environmental hazards. The ESP32 microcontroller serves as the central unit, managing sensor data and system operations. Real-time garbage status is communicated wirelessly to municipal authorities through IoT, enabling timely waste clearance and improving sanitation services. This solution ensures a cleaner environment by optimizing garbage collection routes and reducing manual inspection efforts. College campuses have waste management concerns due to insufficient collection and overflowing bins, which cause environmental and logistical issues. An IoT-enabled smart trash system improves collection, lowers costs, and increases sustainability by assuring timely garbage disposal and reducing buildup, resulting in a cleaner and more efficient campus environment.

Keywords: Smart Waste Management, Internet of Things (IoT), ESP32 Microcontroller, Ultrasonic Sensor, Real-Time Monitoring

1. INTRODUCTION

With rapid urbanization and the continuous growth of the global population, efficient waste management has become one of the most pressing challenges for modern cities and communities. Improper waste disposal and the inefficient collection of garbage not only pose serious environmental risks but also affect the health and hygiene of urban populations. Traditional waste collection systems often rely on fixed schedules and manual inspections, which lead to issues such as overflowing bins, increased operational costs, and unoptimized collection routes. These limitations highlight the urgent need for smart and sustainable solutions to streamline waste management practices.

To address these challenges, this paper proposes a Smart Garbage Monitoring and Clearance Alert System that leverages the Internet of Things (IoT) to provide an intelligent, automated, and real-time approach to waste management. The system is designed to monitor the status of garbage bins and notify municipal authorities when bins are nearing full capacity, ensuring timely waste disposal and reducing unnecessary collection trips. The core of the system is powered by the ESP32 microcontroller, a compact yet powerful device that coordinates sensor data, system responses, and communication with the central monitoring system.

The smart bin integrates two key sensors: a load sensor, which measures the weight of waste accumulated in the bin, and an ultrasonic sensor, which detects the fill level. These sensors work



in tandem to provide accurate real-time data regarding the bin's status. When the waste level approaches a predefined threshold, a servo motor is activated to automatically close the lid of the bin, preventing further disposal and mitigating issues like overflow, foul odors, and the spread of diseases. The system also transmits the bin's status wirelessly to the concerned authorities using IoT-based communication, allowing for real-time monitoring and efficient planning of waste collection routes.

One of the major use cases of this system is within college campuses, where waste management remains a recurring concern due to high foot traffic, limited collection resources, and inconsistent disposal habits. Overflowing garbage bins not only create an unsanitary environment but also contribute to logistical inefficiencies. The implementation of an IoT-based smart trash system in such settings not only promotes timely garbage clearance but also reduces the need for manual inspections, minimizes operational costs, and supports environmental sustainability. By integrating automation and real-time data into waste management processes, institutions can ensure a cleaner, healthier, and more organized campus environment.

2. Literature Survey

1. EfficientDet: Scalable and Efficient Object Detection EfficientDet introduces a scalable object detection framework that emphasizes both accuracy and efficiency. The authors propose a weighted bi-directional feature pyramid network (BiFPN) for effective multi-scale feature fusion and a compound scaling method that uniformly scales the resolution, depth, and width of the backbone, feature network, and box/class prediction networks. This approach results in EfficientDet achieving state-of-the-art performance on the COCO dataset with significantly fewer parameters and computations compared to previous detectors. The framework is designed to be flexible, allowing for deployment across various resource-constrained environments. The authors also provide code and pretrained models to facilitate further research

2. A Generative Approach Towards Improved Robotic Detection of Marine Litter This paper addresses the challenge of limited underwater image datasets for marine litter detection by proposing a two-stage variational autoencoder (VAE) to generate synthetic images. A binary classifier evaluates the quality of these generated images, and a multi-class classifier is trained on a combination of real and synthetic images. The results demonstrate that the model trained with the augmented dataset outperforms one trained solely on real data, highlighting the effectiveness of synthetic data in enhancing detection performance. This approach offers a promising solution for data-scarce environments, particularly in marine robotics applications where data collection

3. Estimation of Plastic Marine Debris Volumes on Beaches Using Unmanned Aerial Vehicles and Image Processing Based on Deep Learning The authors propose a method to estimate the volume of plastic marine debris (PMD) on beaches using unmanned aerial vehicles (UAVs) and deep learning-based image processing. By constructing a three-dimensional model and orthoscopic images of a beach through Structure from Motion (SfM) software, they apply edge detection techniques to calculate PMD volumes. The accuracy of this method was verified by estimating the volumes of test debris with known sizes and shapes, achieving an error rate of less than 5%. This approach provides a rapid, objective, and efficient means for beach surveys, aiding in the identification of areas requiring preferential cleaning and contributing to better environmental monitoring and management.

4. ECA-Net: Efficient Channel Attention for Deep Convolutional Neural Networks ECA-Net introduces an efficient channel attention module that enhances the performance of deep convolutional neural networks (CNNs) without significantly increasing model complexity. By avoiding dimensionality reduction and employing a local cross-channel interaction strategy using 1D convolution, ECA-Net preserves performance while reducing computational overhead. The module adaptively selects the kernel size for 1D convolution, determining the coverage of local cross-channel interactions. Experimental results demonstrate that ECA-Net achieves over a 2% improvement in Top-1 accuracy on image classification tasks, with a substantial reduction in parameters and computations compared to existing attention mechanisms



5. A New Coupled Method of SINS/DVL Integrated Navigation Based on Improved Dual Adaptive Factors This paper presents an integrated navigation method combining Strapdown Inertial Navigation System (SINS) and Doppler Velocity Log (DVL) using improved dual adaptive factors. The proposed method addresses the challenges of traditional integration techniques by adaptively adjusting the weights of SINS and DVL based on their reliability and environmental conditions. Simulation results demonstrate that this approach enhances the accuracy and robustness of underwater navigation systems, making it suitable for applications in autonomous underwater vehicles (AUVs) and other marine robotics platforms.

6. Automatic Detection and Quantification of Floating Marine Macro-Litter in Aerial Images: Introducing a Novel Deep Learning Approach Connected to a Web Application in R The authors develop a deep learning-based algorithm for detecting and quantifying floating marine macro-litter (FMML) in aerial images. The convolutional neural network (CNN) model was trained on a dataset of 3,723 aerial images, achieving accuracies of 0.85 for image classification and 0.81 for cross-validation. A user-friendly web application, built using the Shiny package in R, allows users to identify and quantify FMML within aerial images. This tool streamlines the monitoring and assessment of FMML, providing valuable support for environmental conservation efforts. However, the authors note that automated monitoring of FMML in open sea environments remains a technological challenge, necessitating further research to improve algorithmic accuracy.

3. Proposed System

The proposed system aims to tackle the growing issue of unmanaged waste in urban and rural areas by developing a smart garbage monitoring and clearance alert system using Internet of Things (IoT) technology. The core components of the system include a load sensor, servo motor, ultrasonic sensor, and an ESP32 microcontroller. The load sensor plays a vital role in determining the weight or load status of the garbage present in the bin. This helps in analyzing how full the bin is and when it requires clearance. When the load level crosses a predefined threshold, the system recognizes it as full. To complement this, an ultrasonic sensor is used to measure the distance between the top of the bin and the garbage, giving a clear indication of the fill level.

The combination of both sensors increases the accuracy of garbage detection. The ESP32 microcontroller is the central processing unit of this system. It collects data from the sensors, processes it, and performs logical decisions based on predefined conditions. One such condition involves the usage of a servo motor. When the load level is detected to be too high or the bin is full, the servo motor is activated to move to a closed state. This prevents further disposal of garbage into an already full bin, avoiding overflow and maintaining hygiene in the surroundings. The use of the servo motor also adds a mechanical layer of automation to the system, making it smart and responsive.

To ensure real-time monitoring and alerting, the system is integrated with IoT technology. The ESP32 has in-built Wi-Fi capabilities, which enables it to send data wirelessly to an IoT platform or directly to an authorized personnel's smartphone or web dashboard. Notifications are triggered when the garbage bin is full, allowing timely intervention by municipal or waste management authorities. This significantly reduces manual inspection efforts and ensures cleanliness is maintained efficiently. The system is designed to be compact and power-efficient, suitable for implementation in smart cities, housing complexes, industrial areas, public places, and educational institutions.

With proper integration, a city-wide network of smart dustbins can be created, allowing authorities to monitor the waste status of all bins in a centralized platform. This data can be used to optimize waste collection routes, reduce fuel consumption, and ensure bins are cleared before overflow. The system also supports future scalability where additional sensors such as gas sensors or cameras can be included for detecting harmful gases or for surveillance. Furthermore, the use of cloud platforms or mobile apps allows historical data storage, which can be analyzed for trends in garbage accumulation, peak hours, and effectiveness of collection schedules. Overall, this project proposes an efficient, responsive, and smart way to manage garbage with minimal human intervention. It not only enhances hygiene and cleanliness but also promotes the idea of sustainable and smart waste management practices using modern technology.

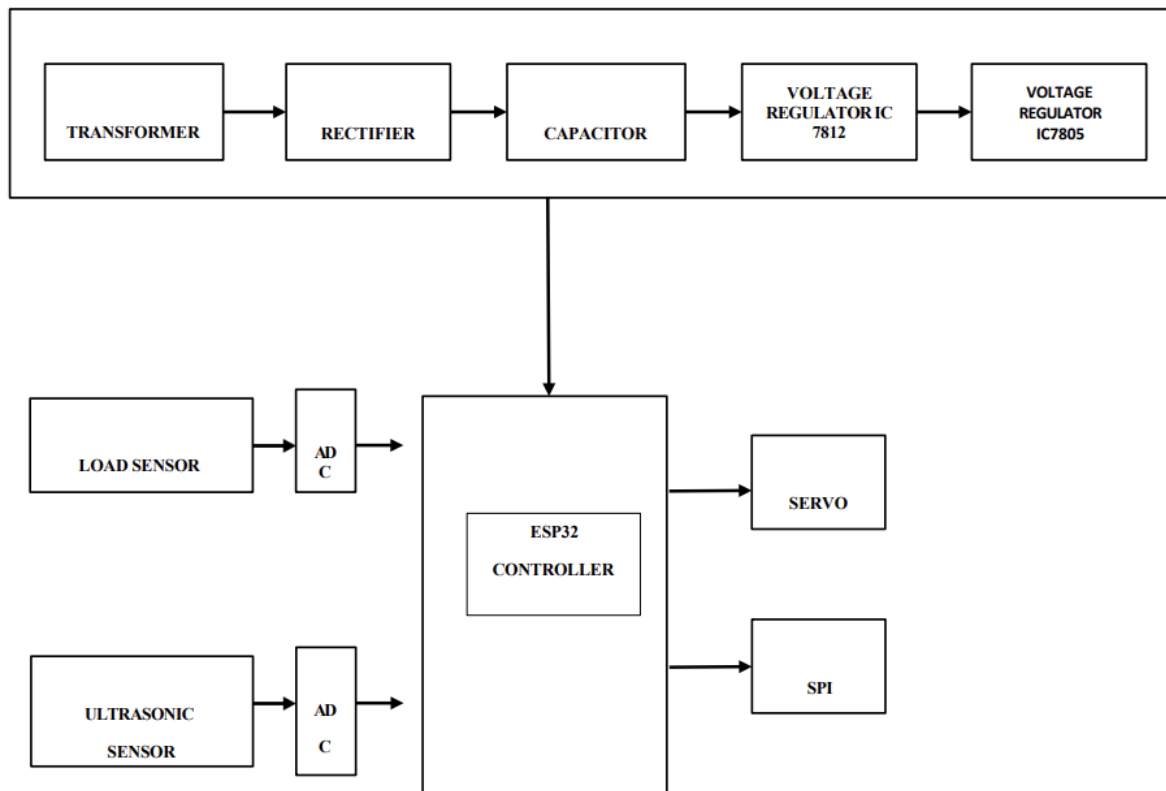


FIGURE 1: System Architecture

4. CONCLUSION

Finally, the Smart Garbage Monitoring and Clearance Alert System using Internet of Things (IoT) is a smart and highly efficient solution for the increasing problem of waste management in cities, especially as part of smart cities. The system makes use of the capabilities of current sensor technology, wireless communication, and embedded systems to provide an efficient and streamlined waste collection process. Through the integration of more than one sensor and smart devices, the project seeks to maximize garbage surveillance and timely clearance and, therefore, contribute to cleaner, healthier urban life. The system's foundation is a well-designed system with fundamental sensors and actuators. One of the key devices is the load sensor that has the responsibility of gauging the load of the trash collected in each dustbin. This sensor is crucial in establishing the fill status with accuracy. In contrast to conventional waste collection systems that use fixed timing, this smart system reacts dynamically according to real-time information. When the measured load exceeds a predetermined limit, it automatically sends a signal that the dustbin is almost full and needs to be cleared. In order to further maximize functionality, a servo motor is added to mechanize the lid of the dustbin. The servo motor delivers precise movement such that the lid opens or closes depending on the fill level of the bin. In cases where the bin fills up to the point of being full, the servo motor triggers to move the lid to a closed position, thus avoiding overflow and maintaining public hygiene. This aspect not only ensures environmental hygiene but also prevents the occurrence of foul smells and pest infestations that usually arise from overflowing garbage cans.



REFERENCES

1. M. Tan, R. Pang, and Q. V. Le, —EfficientDet: Scalable and efficient object detection, in Proc. IEEE/CVF Conf. Comput. Vis. Pattern Recognit. (CVPR), Jun. 2025, pp. 10781–10790. 2.
2. J. Hong, M. Fulton, and J. Sattar, —A generative approach towards improved robotic detection of marine litter, in Proc. IEEE Int. Conf. Robot. Autom. (ICRA), May 2024, pp. 10525–10531.
3. S. Kako, S. Morita, and T. Taneda, —Estimation of plastic marine debris volumes on beaches using unmanned aerial vehicles and image processing based on deep learning, Mar. Pollut. Bull., vol. 155, Jun. 2024, Art. no. 111127.
4. "Smart Robotics in Manufacturing: AI-Driven Automation for Enhanced Production Efficiency" – Murali Krishna Pasupuleti, 2024, International Journal of Academic and Industrial Research Innovations.
5. Energy Consumption of Robotic Arm with the Local Reduction Method –2025, arXiv.
6. Realization of Highly Energy Efficient Pick-and-Place Tasks Using Resonance-Based Robot Motion Control –2015, Advanced Robotics, DOI: 10.1080/01691864.2015.1134345.
7. Energy-Efficient Robot Configuration and Motion Planning Using Genetic Algorithm and Particle Swarm Optimization –2023.
8. Sidharth, S. (2016). The Role of Artificial Intelligence in Enhancing Automated Threat Hunting
9. Sidharth, S. (2016). Establishing Ethical and Accountability Frameworks for Responsible AI Systems.
10. Sidharth, S. (2017). Cybersecurity Approaches for IoT Devices in Smart City Infrastructures
11. Innovations in Energy-Efficient Automation Systems –2025, Iris Publishers.
12. A New Energy-Efficient Approach to Planning Pick-and-Place Operations –2022, MDPI Energies, DOI: 10.3390/en15238795.
13. Robot Piece Picking Advances with Artificial Intelligence –2022, Automation World.
14. AI-Driven Warehouse Automation: A Comprehensive Review of Systems –2024, GSC Advanced Research and Reviews.
15. Energy-Efficient Control of Cable Robots Exploiting Natural Dynamics and Task Knowledge – Boris Deroo, Erwin Aertbeliën, Wilm Decré, Herman Bruyninckx, 2023, arXiv.
16. Intelligent Control of Robots with Minimal Power Consumption in Pick-and-Place Operations – Valery Vodovozov, Zoja Raud, Eduard Petlenkov, 2023, MDPI Energies, DOI: 10.3390/en16217418.
17. Booma Jayapalan, Sathishkumar, R., Prakash, I.A., Venkateswaran, M. "Optimizing wind energy efficiency in IoT-driven smart power systems using modified fuzzy logic control" AI Approaches to Smart and Sustainable Power Systems, 2024, pp. 250–273.
18. Sidharth, S. (2017). Access Control Frameworks for Secure Hybrid Cloud Deployments.
19. Sidharth, S. (2018). Post-Quantum Cryptography: Readying Security for the Quantum Computing Revolution.
20. Booma Jayapalan, Mahadevan Krishnan, Karunanithi Kandasamy & Kannan Subramanian, 2018, "Integrated Strategies for load demand management in the State of Tamil Nadu", Journal of Electrical Engineering, vol. 18, edition 4, ISSN: 1582-4594, pp.151-160.
21. Booma Jayapalan, Mahadevan Krishnan, Karunanithi Kandasamy & Kannan Subramanian, 2017, "Renewable energy penetration and its impact on Reliability: A case study of Tamil Nadu", Journal of Computational and Theoretical Nano science, vol. 14, no. 8, pp. 4036-4044, DOI: 10.1166/jctn.2017.6752.
22. Booma, J., Anitha, P., Amosedinakaran, S., & Bhuvanesh, A. (2025). Real-time electricity capacity expansion planning using chaotic ant lion optimization by minimizing carbon emission. Journal of the Chinese Institute of Engineers, 1–15. <https://doi.org/10.1080/02533839.2025.2464575>.
23. Sidharth, S. (2015). Privacy-Preserving Generative AI for Secure Healthcare Synthetic Data Generation.
24. Sidharth, S. (2015). AI-Driven Detection and Mitigation of Misinformation Spread in Generated Content.
25. Pandey, A., Shukla, K., Pandey, S. P., & Sharma, Y. K. (2007). Haemato-biochemical profile in relation to normal parturient buffaloes and buffaloes with retained fetal membranes. Buffalo Bull, 26(2), 46-49.
26. Jain, R., Pandey, A., & Pandeya, S. S. (2009). Mechanism of dissolution of delayed release formulation of diclofenac sodium. Chemistry, 18(4), 131-138.



27. Tripathi, S. K., Kesharwani, K., Kaul, G., Akhir, A., Saxena, D., Singh, R., ... & Joshi, K. B. (2022). Amyloid- β Inspired Short Peptide Amphiphile Facilitates Synthesis of Silver Nanoparticles as Potential Antibacterial Agents. *ChemMedChem*, 17(15), e202200251.
28. Sidharth, S. (2017). Real-Time Malware Detection Using Machine Learning Algorithms.
29. Rokade, U. S., Doye, D., & Kokare, M. (2009, March). Hand gesture recognition using object based key frame selection. In 2009 International Conference on Digital Image Processing (pp. 288-291). IEEE.
30. Kshirsagar, K. P. (2015). Key Frame Selection for One-Two Hand Gesture Recognition with HMM. *International Journal of Advanced Computer Research*, 5(19), 192.
31. Sidharth, S. (2018). Optimized Cooling Solutions for Hybrid Electric Vehicle Powertrains.
32. Sidharth, S. (2019). DATA LOSS PREVENTION (DLP) STRATEGIES IN CLOUD-HOSTED APPLICATIONS.
- 33.
34. Kumbhar, K., & Kshirsagar, K. P. (2015). Comparative study of CCD & CMOS sensors for image processing. *International Journal of Innovative Research in Electrical, Electronics, Instrumentation and Control Engineering*, 3, 194-196.
35. Kshirsagar, K. P., & Doye, D. (2010, October). Object Based Key Frame Selection for Hand Gesture Recognition. In 2010 International Conference on Advances in Recent Technologies in Communication and Computing (pp. 181-185). IEEE.
36. Kshirsagar, K. P., & Doye, D. D. (2015). Comparing key frame selection for one-two hand gesture recognition using different methods. *International Journal of Signal and Imaging Systems Engineering*, 8(5), 273-285.
37. Baladari, V. (2024). Designing trustless identity: A multi-layered framework for decentralized verification in Web3 ecosystems. *International Journal of Advanced Research in Science Communication and Technology*, 4(1), 685-691.
38. Harini, P. P., & Ramanaiah, D. O. (2009). An Efficient Admission Control Algorithm for Load Balancing In Hierarchical Mobile IPv6 Networks. *arXiv preprint arXiv:0912.1013*.
39. Ramya, C. (2019). PB Shelley and Bharathidasan on the Miserable Lot of Women in Society: A Comparative Study. *Language in India*, 19(12).
40. Ramya, C. (2019). Arun Joshi's Art and Skill: Depicting East and West and Tradition and Modernity. *Strength for Today and Bright Hope for Tomorrow Volume 19: 10 October 2019 ISSN 1930-2940*, 21.
41. Harini, P. (2019). GESTURE CONTROLLED GLOVES FOR GAMING AND POWER POINT PRESENTATION CONTROL. *GESTURE*, 6(12).
42. Kumar, N. S., Harini, P., Kumar, G. D., & Rathi, G. (2017, June). Secured repertory of patient information in cloud. In 2017 International Conference on Intelligent Computing and Control (I2C2) (pp. 1-4). IEEE.
43. Harika, K. K. S., Harini, P., Kumar, M. K., & Kondaiah, K. (2012, July). A distributed CSMA algorithm for maximizing throughput in wireless networks. In *Wireless Commun.* (Vol. 4, No. 11, pp. 591-594).
44. Baladari, V. (2023). Intelligent Tier-Based Data Management: A Predictive Approach to Cloud Storage Cost Optimization. *Framework*, 1(6), 7.
45. Baladari, V. (2022). Cloud Without Borders: Software Development Strategies for Multi-Regional Applications. *European Journal of Advances in Engineering and Technology*, 9(3), 193-200.
46. Baladari, V. (2022). Evolving Cloud-Native Architectures: Leveraging Serverless Computing for Flexibility and Scalability in Applications. *Journal of Scientific and Engineering Research*, 9(9), 126-135.
47. Baladari, V. (2021). Monolith to Microservices: Challenges, Best Practices, and Future Perspectives. *European Journal of Advances in Engineering and Technology*, 8(8), 123-128.
48. RAMYA, C. (2020). Sri Aurobindo as 'The Pioneer of the New Age and the Spokesman of the New Truth': An Appraisal. *International Journal on Multicultural Literature*, 10.
49. Ramya, C. (2019). Concept and Emergence of Time in the Modernist novel: A Note.
50. Ramya, C. (2020). A House for Mr. Biswas VS Naipaul's Journey from Self-discovery to Search for Identity and Stability. *Strength for Today and Bright Hope for Tomorrow Volume 20: 6 June 2020 ISSN 1930-2940*, 68.
51. Ramya, C. (2019). Anita Desai-Psychological Exploration of the Inner Psyche of Her Existential Characters. *Strength for Today and Bright Hope for Tomorrow Volume 19: 9 September 2019 ISSN 1930-2940*, 27.



52. Ramya, C. (2019). Claude McKay and Black Diaspora. *Strength for Today and Bright Hope for Tomorrow* Volume 19: 6 June 2019 ISSN 1930-2940, 289.
53. Ramya, C. (2019). Ernest Hemingway's Portrayal of Female Characters. *Strength for Today and Bright Hope for Tomorrow* Volume 19: 5 May 2019 ISSN 1930-2940, 268.
54. Baladari, V. (2020). Adaptive Cybersecurity Strategies: Mitigating Cyber Threats and Protecting Data Privacy. *Journal of Scientific and Engineering Research*, 7(8), 279-288.
55. Baladari, V. (2021). The Role of Software Developers in Transitioning On-Premises Applications to Cloud Platforms: Strategies and Challenges. *Journal of Scientific and Engineering Research*, 8(1), 270-278.
56. Baladari, V. (2023). Building an Intelligent Voice Assistant Using Open-Source Speech Recognition Systems. *Journal of Scientific and Engineering Research*, 10(10), 195-202.
57. Ramya, C. (2020). Paule Marshall and Feminine Aesthetic. *Language in India*, 20(10).
58. Ramya, C. (2018). Anita Desai as an Existentialist Exploring the Emotional Turbulence and Chaotic Inner World. *Language in India*, 18(9), 197-202.
59. Bohrey, S., Chourasiya, V., & Pandey, A. (2016). Polymeric nanoparticles containing diazepam: preparation, optimization, characterization, in-vitro drug release and release kinetic study. *Nano Convergence*, 3(1), 3.
60. Chourasiya, V., Bohrey, S., & Pandey, A. (2016). Formulation, optimization, characterization and in-vitro drug release kinetics of atenolol loaded PLGA nanoparticles using 33 factorial design for oral delivery. *Materials Discovery*, 5, 1-13.
61. Dare, M., Jain, R., & Pandey, A. (2015). Method validation for stability indicating method of related substance in active pharmaceutical ingredients dabigatran etexilate mesylate by reverse phase chromatography. *J Chromatogr Sep Tech*, 6(263), 2.
62. Chourasiya, V., Bohrey, S., & Pandey, A. (2021). Formulation, optimization, and characterization of amlodipine besylate loaded polymeric nanoparticles. *Polymers and Polymer Composites*, 29(9_suppl), S1555-S1568.
63. Tripathi, S. K., Patel, B., Shukla, S., Pachouri, C., Pathak, S., & Pandey, A. (2021, March). Donepezil loaded PLGA nanoparticles, from modified nano-precipitation, an advanced drug delivery system to treat Alzheimer disease. In *Journal of Physics: Conference Series* (Vol. 1849, No. 1, p. 012001). IOP Publishing.
64. Naik, P. R., Pandeya, S. N., & Pandey, A. (1996). Anti-inflammatory and analgesic activities of 1-[2-(substituted benzothiazole)]-1, 3-diethyl-4-aryl guanidines. *Indian Journal of Physiology and Pharmacology*, 40(2), 189-190.
65. Pandey, A., Mishra, R. K., Mishra, S., Singh, Y. P., & Pathak, S. (2011). Assessment of genetic diversity among sugarcane cultivars (*Saccharum officinarum* L.) using simple sequence repeats markers. *J. Biol. Sci*, 11(4), 105-111.
66. Singh, N., Suthar, B., Mehta, A., Nema, N., & Pandey, A. (2020). Corona virus: an immunological perspective review. *Int J Immunol Immunother*, 7(10.23937), 2378-3672.
67. Bohrey, S., Chourasiya, V., & Pandey, A. (2016). Preparation, optimization by 23 factorial design, characterization and in vitro release kinetics of lorazepam loaded PLGA nanoparticles. *Polymer Science Series A*, 58(6), 975-986.
68. Ramya, C. (2020). Kanthapura Protagonists as Representation of Gandhi. *Strength for Today and Bright Hope for Tomorrow* Volume 20: 1 January 2020 ISSN 1930-2940, 130.
69. Ramya, C. (2020). Sri Aurobindo's Poetry as The Imprint of Mighty Imagination and Philosophical Contemplation: An Appraisal. *DYNAMICS OF LANGUAGE, LITERATURE & COMMUNICATION*, 51.
70. Reddy, D. B. E., Harini, P., MaruthuPerumal, S., & VijayaKumar, D. V. (2011). A New Wavelet Based Digital Watermarking Method for Authenticated Mobile Signals. *International Journal of Image Processing (IJIP)*, 5(1), 13-24.
71. Baby, M., Harini, P., Slesser, Y. E., Tejaswi, Y., Ramajyothi, K., Sailaja, M., & Sumantha, K. A. (2013). Sms based wireless e-notice board. *International Journal of Emerging Technology and Advanced Engineering*, 3(3), 181-185.
72. Kesavulu, O. S. C., & Harini, P. (2013). Enhanced packet delivery techniques using crypto-logic riddle on jamming attacks for wireless communication medium. *Int. J. Latest Trends Eng. Technol*, 2(4), 469-478.



73. Harini, P., & Ramanaiyah, D. O. (2008). An Efficient DAD Scheme for Hierarchical Mobile IPv6 Handoff. *IJCSNS*, 8(8), 182.
74. Karunya, L. C., Harini, P., Iswarya, S., & Jerlin, A. (2019). Emergency Alert Security System for Humans. *Int. J. Commun. Comput. Technol*, 7, 1-5.
75. Ramachandran, V., Kumari, Y. S., & Harini, P. (2016). Image retrieval system with user relevance feedback. *Computer Science Engineering*, St. Anns College of Engineering, Chirala.
76. Nandan, M. J., Sen, M. K., Harini, P., Sekhar, B. M., & Balaji, T. (2013, December). Impact of urban growth and urbanization on the environmental degradation of Lakes in Hyderabad City, India. In *AGU Fall Meeting Abstracts* (Vol. 2013, pp. B31E-0452).
77. Sahithi, D., & Harini, P. (2012). Enhanced hierarchical multipattern matching algorithm for deep packet inspection. *IRACST-International Journal of Computer Science and Information Technology & Security (IJCSITS)*, ISSN, 2249-9555.
78. Harini, P. (2011). A novel approach to improve handoff performance in hierarchical mobile ipv6 using an enhanced architecture. *IJCST*, 2(1).
79. Singh, A., Santosh, S., Kulshrestha, M., Chand, K., Lohani, U. C., & Shahi, N. C. (2013). Quality characteristics of Ohmic heated Aonla (*Emblica officinalis* Gaertn.) pulp.
80. Thakur, R. R., Shahi, N. C., Mangaraj, S., Lohani, U. C., & Chand, K. (2020). Effect of apple peel based edible coating material on physicochemical properties of button mushrooms (*Agaricus bisporus*) under ambient condition. *International Journal of Chemical Studies*, 8(1), 2362-2370.
81. Kumar, S., Singh, A., Shahi, N. C., Chand, K., & Gupta, K. (2015). Optimization of substrate ratio for beer production from finger millet and barley. *国际农业与生物工程学报*, 8(2), 110-120.